READING LITERATURE

Key Ideas and Details

RL.3.1 Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.

READING LITERATURE

Key Ideas and Details

RL.3.3 Describe characters in a story (e.g., their traits, motivations, or feelings) and explain how their actions contribute to the sequence of events.

READING LITERATURE

Key Ideas and Details

RL.3.2 Recount stories, including fables, folktales and myths from diverse cultures; determine the central message, lesson, or moral and explain how it is conveyed through key details in the text.

READING LITERATURE

Craft and Structure

RL.3.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, distinguishing literal from nonliteral language.

READING LITERATURE

Craft and Structure

RL.3.5 Refer to parts of stories, dramas, and poems when writing or speaking about a text, using terms such as chapter, scene, and stanza; describe how each successive part builds on earlier sections.

READING LITERATURE

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

RL.3.7 Explain how specific aspects of a text's illustrations contribute to what is conveyed by the words in a story (e.g., create mood, emphasize aspects of a character or setting)..

READING LITERATURE

Craft and Structure

RL.3.6 Distinguish their own point of view from that of the narrator or those of the characters.

READING LITERATURE

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

RL.3.8 (Not applicable to literature)

READING LITERATURE

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

RL.3.9 Compare and contrast the themes, settings, and plots of stories written by the same author about the same or similar characters (e.g., in books from a series).

READING LITERATURE

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

RL.3.10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poetry, at the high end of the grades 2–3 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS

Print Concepts

RF.3.1 -----

READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS

Phonological Awareness

RF.3.2 -----

READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS

Phonics and Word Recognition

RF.3.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.

- a. Identify and know the meaning of the most common prefixes and derivational suffixes.
- b. Decode words with common Latin suffixes.
- c. Decode multisyllable words.Read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.

READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS

Fluency

RF.3.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.

- a. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.
- b. Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression.

Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.

WRITING

TEXT TYPES AND PURPOSES

W.3.1 Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons.

- a. Introduce the topic or text they are writing about, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure that lists reasons.
- b. Provide reasons that support the opinion.
- c. Use linking words and phrases (e.g., *because*, *therefore*, *since*, *for example*) to connect opinion and reasons.
- d. Provide a concluding statement or section.

WRITING

TEXT TYPES AND PURPOSES

W.3.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.

- a. Establish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.
- b. Use dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations.
- c. Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order. Provide a sense of closure.

WRITING

TEXT TYPES AND PURPOSES

W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.

- a. Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension.
- b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details.
- c. Use linking words and phrases (e.g., *also, another, and, more, but*) to connect ideas within categories of information. Provide a concluding statement or section.

WRITING

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION OF WRITING

W.3.4 With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)

WRITING

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION OF WRITING

W.3.5 With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing.

WRITING

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION OF WRITING

W.3.6 With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others.

WRITING

RESEARCH TO BUILD AND PRESENT KNOWLEDGE

W.3.7 Conduct short research projects that build knowledge about a topic.

WRITING

RESEARCH TO BUILD AND PRESENT KNOWLEDGE

W.3.8 Recall information from experiences or gather information from print and digital sources; take brief notes on sources and sort evidence into provided categories.

WRITING

RESEARCH TO BUILD AND PRESENT KNOWLEDGE

W.3.9 (Begins in grade 4)

WRITING

RANGE OF WRITING

W.3.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

SPEAKING AND LISTENING

COMPREHENSION AND COLLABORATION

- **SL.3.1** Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 3 topics and texts, building on others" ideas and expressing their own clearly.
- Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.
- b. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).
- Ask questions to check understanding of information presented, stay
 on topic, and link their comments to the remarks of others.
 Explain their own ideas and understanding in light of the discussion.

SPEAKING AND LISTENING

COMPREHENSION AND COLLABORATION

SL.3.2 Determine the main ideas and supporting details of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.

SPEAKING AND LISTENING

COMPREHENSION AND COLLABORATION

SL.3.3 Ask and answer questions about information from a speaker, offering appropriate elaboration and detail.

SPEAKING AND LISTENING

PRESENTATION OF KNOWLEDGE AND IDEAS

SL.3.4 Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking clearly at an understandable pace.

SPEAKING AND LISTENING

PRESENTATION OF KNOWLEDGE AND IDEAS

SL.3.5 Create engaging audio recordings of stories or poems that demonstrate fluid reading at an understandable pace; add visual displays when appropriate to emphasize or enhance certain facts or details.

SPEAKING AND LISTENING

PRESENTATION OF KNOWLEDGE AND IDEAS

SL.3.6 Speak in complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification.

LANGUAGE

CONVENTIONS OF STANDARD ENGLISH

L.3.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

- a. Explain the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their functions in particular sentences.
- b. Form and use regular and irregular plural nouns.
- c. Use abstract nouns (e.g., childhood).
- d. Form and use regular and irregular verbs.
- e. Form and use the simple (e.g., I walked; I walk; I will walk) verb tenses.
- f. Ensure subject-verb and pronoun- antecedent agreement.*
- g. Form and use comparative and superlative adjectives and adverbs, and choose between them depending on what is to be modified.
- h. Use coordinating and subordinating conjunctions. Produce simple, compound, and complex sentences.

LANGUAGE

KNOWLEDGE OF LANGUAGE

L.3.3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.

- a. Choose words and phrases for effect.*
- b. Recognize and observe differences between the conventions of spoken and written standard English.

LANGUAGE

CONVENTIONS OF STANDARD ENGLISH

L.3.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

- a. Capitalize appropriate words in titles.
- b. Use commas in addresses.
- c. Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue.
- d. Form and use possessives.
- e. Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., *sitting*, *smiled*, *cries*, *happiness*).
- f. Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words.
 - Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings.

LANGUAGE

VOCABULARY ACQUISITION AND USE

- **L.3.4** Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning word and phrases based on grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
- a. Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- b. Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known affix is added to a known word (e.g., agreeable/disagreeable, comfortable/uncomfortable, care/careless, heat/preheat).
- c. Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., company, companion).
 Use glossaries or beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.

LANGUAGE

VOCABULARY ACQUISITION AND USE

- **L.3.5** Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings.
- a. Distinguish the literal and nonliteral meanings of words and phrases in context (e.g., take steps).
- b. Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., describe people who are *friendly* or *helpful*).
- a. Distinguish shades of meaning among related words that describe states of mind or degrees of certainty (e.g., *knew*, *believed*, *suspected*, *heard*, *and wondered*).

LANGUAGE

VOCABULARY ACQUISITION AND USE

L.3.6 Acquire and use accurately grade- appropriate conversational, general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal spatial and temporal relationships (e.g., *After dinner that night we went looking for them*).

READING INFORMATIONAL TEXT

Key Ideas and Details

RI.3.1 Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.

READING INFORMATIONAL TEXT

Key Ideas and Details

RI.3.3 Describe the relationship between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text, using language that pertains to time, sequence, and cause/effect.

READING INFORMATIONAL TEXT

Key Ideas and Details

RI.3.2 Determine the main idea of a text; recount the key details and explain how they support the main idea.

READING INFORMATIONAL TEXT

Craft and Structure

RI.3.4 Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text r elevant to a *grade 3 topic or subject area*.

READING INFORMATIONAL TEXT

Craft and Structure

RI.3.5 Use text features and search tools (e.g., key words, sidebars, hyperlinks) to locate information relevant to a given topic efficiently.

READING INFORMATIONAL TEXT

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

RI.3.7 Use information gained from illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs) and the words in a text to demonstrate understanding of the text (e.g., where, when, why, and how key events occur).

READING INFORMATIONAL TEXT

Craft and Structure

RI.3.6 Distinguish their own point of view from that of the author of a text.

READING INFORMATIONAL TEXT

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

RI.3.8 Describe the logical connection between particular sentences and paragraphs in a text (e.g., comparison, cause/effect, first/second/third in a sequence).

READING INFORMATIONAL TEXT

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

RI.3.9 Compare and contrast the most important points and key details presented in two texts on the same topic.

READING INFORMATIONAL TEXT

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

RI.3.10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the high end of the grades 2–3 text complexity band independently and proficiently.